



**KC-8079**

**B. E. - II (Sem. III) (Electrical, EC & IC) Examination**  
**November / December – 2012**  
**Circuits & Networks**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :**

(1)

नीचे दृशाविले निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवही पर अवश्य लभवी.  
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :  
**B. E. - 2 (SEM. 3) (ELECTRICAL, EC & IC)**

Name of the Subject :  
**CIRCUITS & NETWORKS**

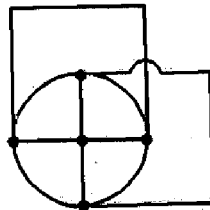
Subject Code No. : **8 0 7 9** Section No. (1, 2,.....): **NIL**

Seat No. :  
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Student's Signature

- (2) Attempt all questions.
- (3) Figures to the extreme right side indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume appropriate data if requires.
- (5) Support your answers with neat and clean diagrams and waveforms.
- (6) Students may use Casio MS-100, 100-W or equivalent scientific calculators.

- 1 (a) Do as directed :
- (1) The mutual inductance in a coupled circuit is given by \_\_\_\_\_ 1
  - (2) An ideal voltage source should have infinite source resistance. (True / False) 1
  - (3) For the graph shown in figure, The no. of branches and nodes in the graph are. 1



**Fig.**

- (a) 5, 10
- (b) 10, 5
- (c) 10, 10
- (d) 6, 10

- (4) Define the following terms : 3
- (i) Loop
  - (ii) Connected graph
  - (iii) Fundamental cut-set
- (5) Define Unilateral and Bilateral Network. 2
- (6) Find Thevenin's equivalent resistance ( $R_{TH}$ ) 2

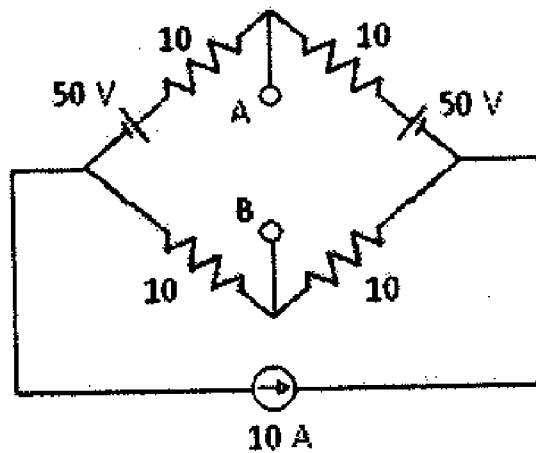


Fig.

- (b) (1) Obtain the Y-parameters in terms of Z-parameters. 6
- (2) Determine equivalent inductance at terminals A-B. 4

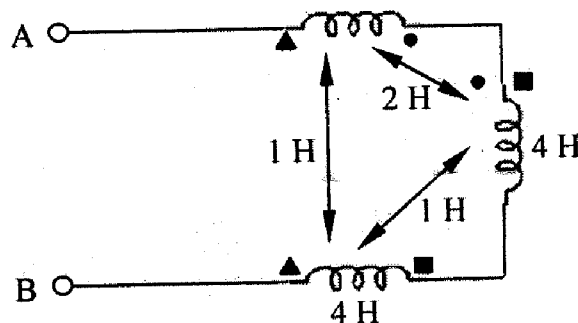


Fig.

2 Attempt any two :

15

- (1) For the network shown in figure determine the current in  $4\Omega$  resistor using mesh analysis.

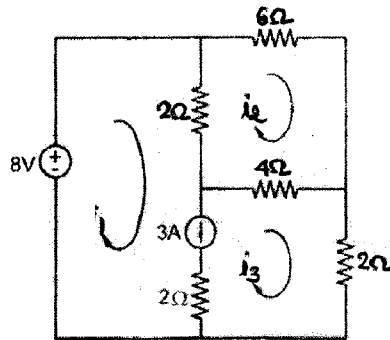


Fig.

- (2) Write the equilibrium equations for the network shown in figure on the node voltage basis and compute the node voltages.

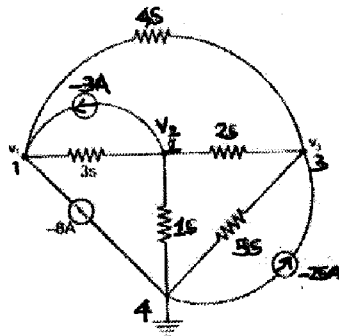


Fig.

- (3) Determine the current through the branch AB of the network shown in figure using Thevenin's theorem. All the resistance values are in ohms.

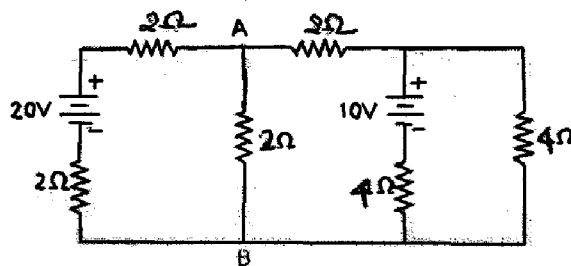


Fig.

- (4) Find the current in the  $5\Omega$  resistor for the circuit shown in figure using Norton's theorem.

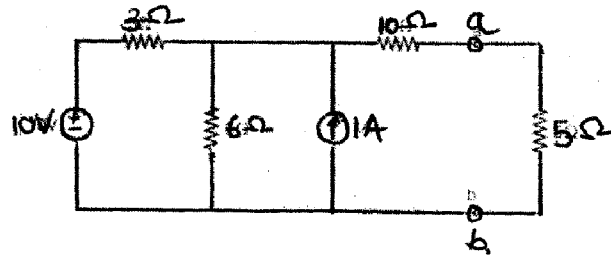


Fig.

3 Attempt any three :

15

- (1) In the given network of figure, all sources are invariant. Determine the branch current in the  $2\Omega$  resistor using source transformation method.

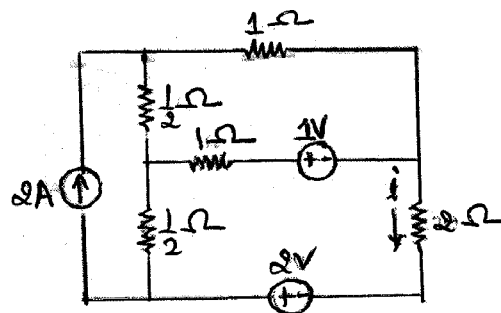


Fig.

- (2) Draw the exact dual of the network shown in figure.

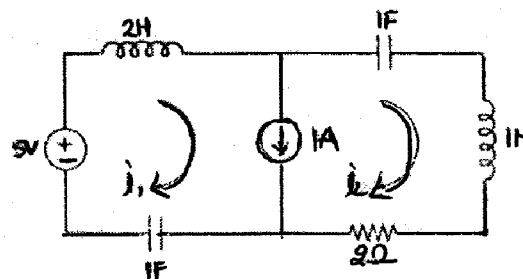


Fig.

- (3) Find the Y-parameters for the resistive network shown in figure below.

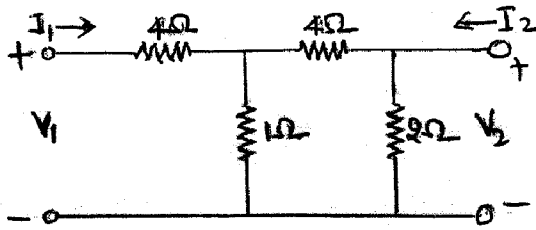


Fig.

- (4) Find the voltage across  $1\text{ k}\Omega$  resistor in the circuit shown in figure, using superposition theorem.

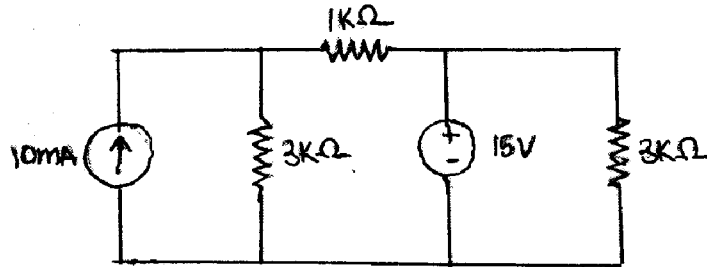


Fig.

- (5) For the network shown in figure, write down the Tie-set matrix and obtain the network equilibrium equation in matrix form using KVL. Calculate the loop current.

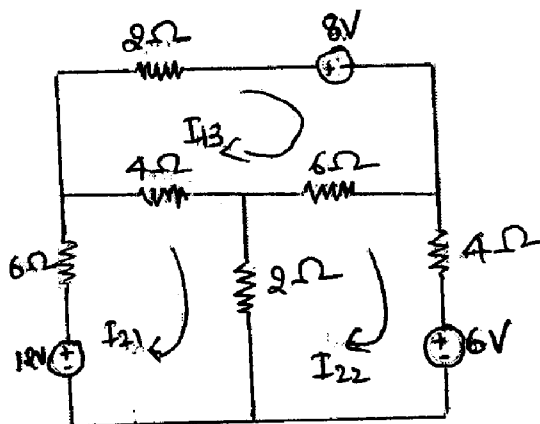


Fig.

- 4 (1) Determine Y-parameters for the following network. 8

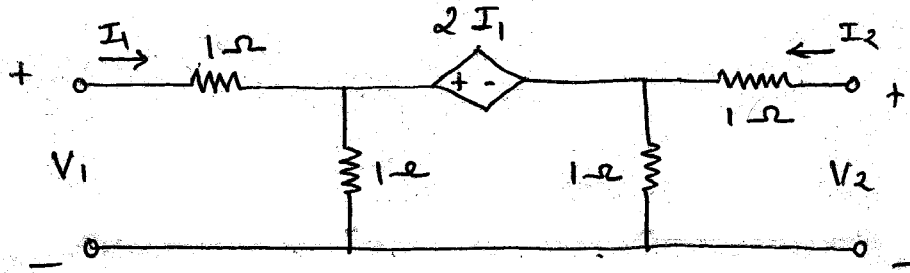


Fig.

- (2) In the network shown in figure, the switch is moved from position-1 to 2 at  $t=0$ , steady state having previously been attained. Find the voltage  $V_c(t)$ . 8

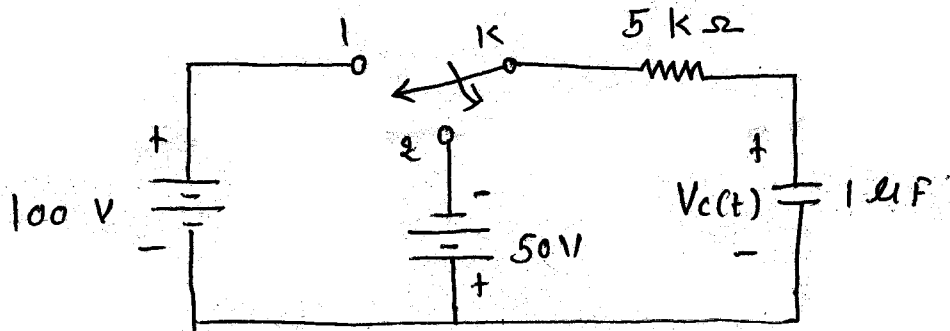


Fig.

- 5 (1) In the network of the figure, the switch  $k$  is closed at  $t=0$  with the capacitor uncharged and with zero current in the inductor. Determine  $i$ ,  $di/dt$  and  $d^2i/dt^2$  at  $t=0^+$ . 8

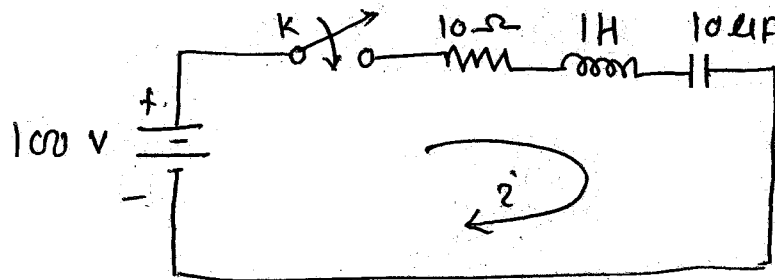


Fig.

- (2) For the following network, steady state is reached with the switch  $k$  open. At  $t=0$  the switch is closed. 8

Determine the values of  $V_a(0^-)$  and  $V_a(0^+)$ .

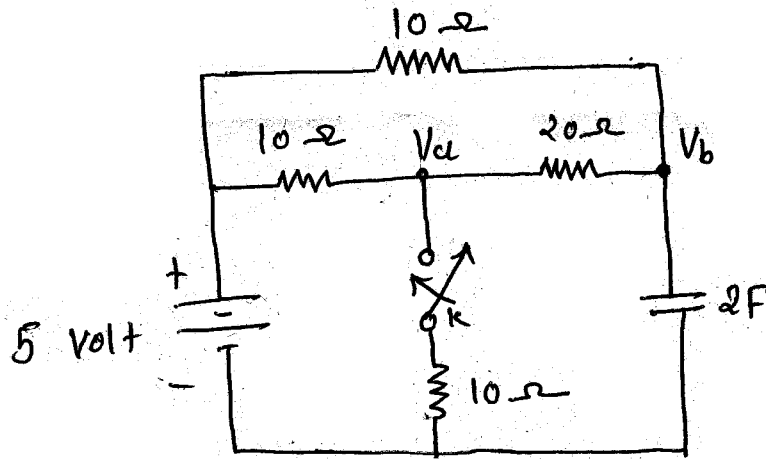


Fig.

OR

- 5 (1) Determine the Laplace transform of the following function 6

(i)  $f(t) = \cos wt$

(ii)  $f(t) = t \cdot e^{-at}$

- (2) Determine Inverse Laplace transform of the following equation. 5

$$F(S) = \frac{1}{S^2 + 4S + 5}$$

- (3) Determine the particular solution of the R-L series circuit with D.C. excitation. Use Laplace transformation. 5

6 Attempt any two :

18

- (1) Determine the z and y parameters for the following network.

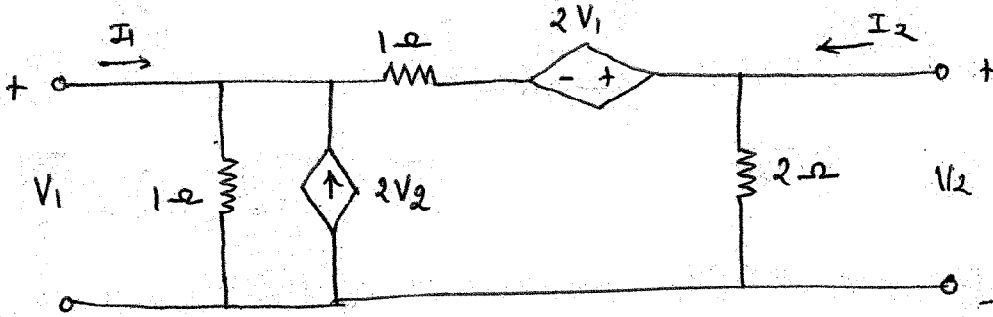


Fig.

- (2) Develop relationship between y-parameters and h-parameters.
- (3) Define the following function and also determine Laplace transform for the same :
- (i) Unit step function
  - (ii) Ramp function
  - (iii) Shifted unit step function.